

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A square consists of space equivalent to ten lines this size (Brevier) type:

	1 square	2 squares	3 squares	4 squares	5 squares	6 squares	7 squares	8 squares	9 squares	10 squares
One insertion	\$1.00	\$2.00	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$6.00	\$7.00	\$8.00	\$9.00	\$10.00
One month	3.00	6.00	9.00	12.00	15.00	18.00	21.00	24.00	27.00	30.00
Two months	5.00	10.00	15.00	20.00	25.00	30.00	35.00	40.00	45.00	50.00
Three months	7.00	14.00	21.00	28.00	35.00	42.00	49.00	56.00	63.00	70.00
Six months	12.00	24.00	36.00	48.00	60.00	72.00	84.00	96.00	108.00	120.00
One year	20.00	40.00	60.00	80.00	100.00	120.00	140.00	160.00	180.00	200.00

COUNTY DIRECTORY.
Circuit Court.—Hon. Jno. M. Elliott, Judge.
 Robt. Biddell, Com. Att'y.
 T. R. P. Tucker, Clerk.
County Court.—Hon. M. M. Cassidy, Judge.
 J. D. Reid, County Attorney.
 J. R. Garrett, Clerk.
 W. B. Tipton, Sheriff.
 G. G. Egan, Deputy.
 T. H. Probert, Jailor.
Police Court.—E. E. Garrett, Judge.
 J. W. Byrnes, Marshal.
 Thos. Metcalfe, Pros. Att'y.

MASONIC.
 Montgomery Lodge, No. 23.—Stated meetings on the 2d and 4th Saturday nights in each month.
 THOS. METCALFE, W. M.
 T. H. Summers, Sec'y.
 Mount Hope R. A. Chapter, No. 21.—Stated meetings on the 1st Friday in each month, at 2 o'clock, p. m.
 J. M. CLYDE, H. P.
 G. B. MILLER, Sec'y.

BUSINESS CARDS.

RICHARD APPERSON, JR. THOS. METCALFE.
APPERSON & METCALFE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
 Will practice in Montgomery and adjoining counties, and the Court of Appeals.
 Office—on Public Square, opposite Court House yard.
 Jan. 9-ly.

J. W. HAZELRIGG WILL H. WINS. T. H. SUMMERS.
HAZELRIGG, WINS & SUMMERS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
 Office on Main Street, Mount Sterling, Ky.
 Jan. 9-ly.

B. A. SEEVER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
 MT. STERLING, KY.
 Will attend promptly to all business connected with the law.
 Office North side Public Square.
 Jan. 9-ly.

RICHARD REID. J. DAVIS REID.
REID & REID,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
 MT. STERLING, KY.
 Will attend promptly to all business connected with the law. Special attention will be given to the collection of all claims against the United States Government.
 Jan. 9-ly.

W. H. HOLT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
 Will practice in Montgomery, Bath, Powell, Wolfe, Morgan, Magoffin counties, and in the Court of Appeals.
 Jan. 9-ly.

TURNER & CORNELISON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
 MOUNT STERLING, KY.
 Will practice in Montgomery, Bath, Powell, and Clarke counties, and in the Court of Appeals.
 Jan. 9-ly.

RIDDELL & FLUTY,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
 IRVINE, ESTILL COUNTY, KY.
 Will practice in all the Courts of the 13th Judicial District, and in the Court of Appeals. Prompt attention given to collections.
 Oct. 1-ly.

G. M. McMAHAN,
Dental Surgeon,
 MOUNT STERLING, KY.
 Office one door below Reese's Jewelry Store up stairs.
 Jan. 11-ly.

T. H. RIGGEN,
RESIDENT DENTIST.
 MT. STERLING, KY.
 Office over Maupin's Shoe Store.
 Main Street.
 March 6.

DR. HANNAH S. GERRARD,
Physicians and Surgeons.
 Office opposite National Hotel, Mt. Sterling.
 Where one of them may always be found, day and night unless professionally absent.
 Jan. 9-ly.

ROBERT MOORE,
Portrait, Animal and Landscape Painter.
 PORTRAITS of fine stock, and horses, painted on reasonable terms. Photographic Portraits enlarged to any size up to life, on paper or canvass painted in oil colors.
 STUDIO—Over Tallaferro & Co's store, Winchester, Ky.
 Jan. 24-3m.

SOUTHERN HOTEL,
 LEXINGTON, KY.
 THIS House has lately been newly furnished and fitted up throughout. The table cannot be surpassed by any house in the country. It is convenient to the railroad depots, and every attention is paid to the comfort of the guests. Riley J. McCormick has bought out the interest of J. W. Moss, and the house will hereafter be conducted by
 Jan. 21-ly.

WOLLEY & MCCORMICK,
Proprietors.
G. C. KNIFFIN,
 DEALER IN—

Cooking Ranges, Stoves, Grates,
Iron and Marble Mantels,
Tin-Ware, Pumps, Wooden-Ware,
AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, &c.,
 MAIN STREET, (Hinton's Block,) PARIS, KY.
 Jan. 23-4f

KENTUCKY HOTEL
 Cor. Main & Maysville Sts.,
 MT. STERLING, KY.

MRS. MARY CARTER, Press,
 THIS House has recently been thoroughly refurnished, and is now in complete order for the reception of guests.
 The proprietress is thankful for the very liberal patronage hitherto extended to her house, begs leave to reassure all who may extend to her their patronage, that no effort will be spared on the part of her or her assistants, to render them the utmost satisfaction. Her

TABLE
 is at all times supplied with the best market affords. The

SALOON
 is under the management of Mr. CHAS. B. LINDSEY, and is supplied with the choicest foreign and Domestic Liquors, Fine Cigars, To Jaccos, &c.
 Jan. 9.

THE KENTUCKY SENTINEL.

VOLUME II.

MOUNT STERLING, KY., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1869.

NUMBER 5.

Original Poetry.

For the Kentucky Sentinel.
 LINES TO B. F. G.

I give thee up, and from my heart,
 Where long it has been deep enshrined,
 Thy image shall be quietly torn,
 And leave no sadning trace behind.
 Thou hast in other days, to me
 Been all that life calls priceless, dear;
 A more than mortal, strangely bright—
 The being of another sphere.

I give thee up, not that I deem
 My love was rashly fixed on thee,
 But, oh! the chain that bound us once
 Is snapt by some strange destiny.
 The siren's song that lured me then
 Has lost its gently soothing power,
 Nor comes with magic cadence as
 Of old, to cheer the dawning hour.

But give thee up; I give thee up—
 I charge thee with no perjured faith,
 Nor broken vows, nor one slight word
 Uttered with false perfidious breath.
 No pledges of our former love
 Are unredeemed for thee to take;
 Save those lovely much cherished sentiments
 You ask me to keep; oh! keep for thy sake.

Must I give thee up forever?
 This heart had known thee still divine,
 Had not its warmest gushings met
 With cold indifference from thine.
 An idle word, or careless look,
 Which lovers can yet too plainly see,
 Has quenched the lambent, holy flame,
 And all estranged my heart from thee.

I give thee up—a better fate
 My warm devotedness was due,
 Yet, as I strike thee from my heart,
 A tear shall seal our last adieu.
 Not for what thou seemest now,
 But o'er our joys in days gone by;
 A tribute to that chosen love,
 That then you said could never die.

Miscellaneous.

[From the Kentucky Journal of Education.]
 Richard McFee, of Kentucky—an Example.

BY PRESIDENT W. W. HILL.

Henry Clay unhesitatingly pronounced Richard Menifee the greatest genius that Kentucky ever produced. With that opinion Tom Marshall, as he was familiarly called, in his very eloquent eulogium pronounced after his death, coincided. It was my good fortune to be associated with him in boyhood, and though separated from him in after years, I watched his career, even down to the hour of his death, with intense interest. He was born in Bath county, either at Owingsville or the Red River Iron Works, I forget which. His father was a remarkable man for one in his station in life and early opportunities of education. He emigrated to this country from England, to take charge of a pottery established by the late Thos. Dye Owings. By his skill in his trade he soon rose to the head of the establishment, and was rapidly accumulating a handsome fortune when he was cut down by death. His widow, who was a lady of strong intellect and fine manners, who impressed deeply upon her promising boy all her own mental and moral traits, married George Lamsdome, a frolicking, jovial man of extravagant habits, who soon spent all her estate, and left her to train up and educate her boys by her own unaided exertions. Before they were educated she was called away by death, and Dick, as we familiarly called him, was left to make his way in the world by his own exertions. I first met him at a country school taught by Walker Bourne, a man who still lives, in a green and vigorous old age, in Montgomery county, Kentucky, who, though not remarkable for his learning, displayed more skill and tact in stimulating the ambition and developing the talents of his boys, than any teacher I have ever known. He soon saw that Dick was a remarkable boy, and had the elements of a man in him—who would make his mark in the world. He therefore set himself to work to stimulate him to rise above his condition and make a man of himself. Very often, when playtime would come, if he did not join in our sports, he would take one or two of us by the hand and wander off into the grove, and sit down upon a log and tell us anecdotes of the boyhood of great men; how they had struggled with poverty and overcome difficulties, and the various methods by which they had risen to eminence in the world. Plutarch's Lives was a favorite work with him, and from it he drew many of his most striking illustrations. He pointed out books for us to read, studies to pursue, and the professions to which our talents were best adapted. He would say: "Boys, your fathers are highly respectable men for their age and the scene of action in which they are called to act, but you will be called to act in an entirely different state of affairs; and the education which made them respectable will not preserve you from contempt. You must, therefore, either rise higher than they did, to sink far below them in

the social state. Your opportunities are far greater than theirs, the country is advancing in intelligence and refinement; and to meet the demands of the times you must put forth every exertion and cultivate every talent that God has given you, or you will hardly make respectable clodhoppers." By such remarks as these he would fire the young hearts of his students, and urge them on in the paths of knowledge. The result was, that more young men were turned out from his school, who have since risen to eminence in the various learned professions, than from any other school within my knowledge in the State of Kentucky. I might enumerate a long line of Senators, Congressmen, Divines, Legislators, Teachers, and Physicians, who were thus brought from obscurity by his influence, but space forbids. What an influence for good can a wise and skillful teacher exert upon the young minds entrusted to his care, when he is able to rise to the dignity of his profession, and wisely put forth the power intrusted to him by God!

Under such an influence as that did Dick Menifee commence his career. Many years afterward he remarked to me, after he had made one of the most brilliant efforts of his life, that he was more indebted for the eminence to which he had risen to the influence exerted upon him at the country school by our old teacher, than to any other one cause. He always spoke of his teacher with the most profound respect, as did all of his pupils, and he expressed the earnest wish that Kentucky had more such men in its borders. From this scene he went to Transylvania University, where, if I mistake not, he graduated, both in the literary and law departments, with the first honors of the institution. Rapidly he rose at the bar, until before he was thirty years of age, he stood at the head of the profession, when there were intellectual giants in it, such as Clay, Crittenden, Rowan, Hardin, Marshall, Morehead, and a host of others, such as the world has rarely produced. Wherever there was a great cause to be pleaded he was sure to be sent for, and his brilliant eloquence called into requisition. The very first session after he took his seat in Congress he took rank as the most eloquent man in the house. When the Presidential election came on, everywhere was he sent for to make speeches. He went with that gifted orator and finished scholar, S. S. Prentiss, to Boston, to make a speech for the Whig candidate. I was in the city at the time. Expectation was on tip-toe to hear Prentiss; but the fame of youthful Kentucky had then scarcely reached the Hub of the Universe. The learning, wealth, and talent of the city where all set in full array in Faneuil Hall to catch inspiration from the lips of the orators. When young Menifee arose I trembled for him. He looked so youthful and slender in form, and seemed so abashed by the august presence of so much learning and talent, that I feared that he might not be able to rise to the height of the great occasion; but when his keen eyes began to flash forth fire, and his singular musical voice to ring out his clear and mellifluous tones through that old hall, so famous in the annals of the country, my fears were all dissipated. He held his auditors spell bound and electrified for more than an hour. You could have heard a pin drop in any part of the house. Mr. Prentiss felt that he was completely eclipsed, and could not rise to the occasion. After a short speech, in which he paid a beautiful compliment to Menifee, he sat down.

But I must stop, lest I weary your readers. "Whom the gods love die young." Consumption soon laid young Menifee in the grave. He was buried amid the tears of a nation, before he was thirty-five years of age. Generous, noble, manly, and eloquent beyond any man whom I ever heard, he sank in the arms of death beloved by all, hated by none.

The moral of my story, as it is written for teachers mainly, is let every instructor of youth develop the hidden diamonds which lie covered up in all the mines around him. All over Kentucky, in every rural neighborhood, are boys in obscurity, who need only some master mind to develop the talents which the God of nature has given them, to reveal them to themselves, and stimulate them to become men. A good school in every such neighborhood, would develop all this native talent now running to so lamentable an extent. Will not our legislatures and men of influence, in all departments, rise up in their might, and resolve that every such neighborhood shall have such a school?

"How is your husband this afternoon, Mrs. Quiggs?" "Why, the doctor says as how, if he lives till mornin' he shall have some hopes of him; but if he don't he must give him up."

[From the Farmers Home Journal.]
 Development of the Resources of our State.

Referring to the article in our last issue in regard to the importance of the development of the resources of the state; and realizing the importance of the subject, and the interest now manifested in it by the people generally, we have thought it proper to present our views at length. We think there is a practicable plan by which the state can extend needed assistance to such improvements as promise to contribute to accomplish the desirable end, without the imposition of additional taxation on our people. We give in our article to-day, a statement of the financial condition of our state and the extent to which its indebtedness, incurred in the construction of public works years ago, has been extinguished, which is necessary to a proper appreciation of the practicality of the measure we advocate, and in our next issue we will present the details of the plan.

The Presidential election with the excitement of the public mind, incident to such contests being over, and the Legislature of our state having reassembled, no time could be more auspicious or appropriate for the direction of our serious and earnest attention, to such practical measures as may conduce to the development of the internal resources, and the advancement of the material interests of our noble old Commonwealth. Nothing could be more gratifying and satisfactory, or more favorable to the inauguration of such measures than our financial condition as exhibited in the recent message of the Governor. The public debt of this state, a large portion of which was doubtless improvidently contracted in the construction of public works, that proved unproductive, has not only ceased to be onerous, but has been honestly and faithfully met and discharged until the merest vestige of it remains. After the application of the means already available and in the Treasury, but about eight hundred thousand dollars of state debt will remain, and most of it not due for many years. And the main difficulty that confronts us now in relation to the final extinguishment of this remnant of indebtedness, is not as to the means of payment, but the privilege of thus applying those means as they accumulate in advance of the maturity of our bonds. In addition to this, we have resource in bank, railroad and turnpike stocks, which, thrown at any moment up-on the market, would realize in cash several millions of dollars available and productive resources, in excess of what is necessary for its full discharge of all our indebtedness.

This most favorable and auspicious exhibit of our affairs, must be gratifying to every public spirited Kentuckian; not solely on account of the exemption it promises from the burden of oppressive and unremunerative taxation, but more especially, because of the assurance it gives of our strength and ability, by the judicious application of the public resources, to stimulate and promote the industry and prosperity of the people. And manifestly, there is no subject more pressing in its importance, and no object to which the fostering aid of the public resources could be more wisely applied, than in building up and giving life to the languishing and struggling railroad system of Kentucky.

Two years ago this subject was presented by the friends of the measure, and with flattering prospects of success. At the session of 1867, several bills were offered in the Legislature providing for state aid to railroads, and the subject was canvassed and discussed at the capital, and a lively interest in it awakened throughout the state. A committee was raised under a joint resolution of the Senate and House, to which the whole subject was referred, and the country with great anxiety awaited its action. It turned out unfortunately however, that the committee thus constituted, was mostly composed of gentlemen who were averse to any Legislative action at the time, in the direction contemplated. They failed to take any action whatever upon the subject, until at a late day of the session, a resolution was introduced in the Senate by Mr. Prall, then the Senator from Bourbon, peremptorily calling upon the committee to "report a bill giving efficient aid by the state, in the construction of railroads, such as will develop her great and slumbering resources." A test question was thus made by this resolution and a spirited debate ensued, in which each of the three Senators who were members of the joint Committee, took part in opposition to its passage. The resolution was nevertheless adopted by a test vote and the members of the committee thus instructed on the subject and their former action, or rather inaction condemned, asked to be discharged from further service on the committee. A new committee was accordingly constituted, composed of friends of the measure,

but it was unfortunately too late in the session for a bill to be passed or even presented for action, and thus it was, that a measure involving such vast public interests, to which a majority of the Senate was thus shown to be favorable, and in the passage of which, it is believed the House would have heartily co-operated, was lost to the state. What vast results might already have been accomplished under it in the two years that have intervened. It is just, however, to the committee referred to, and to those who took part in opposition to the test resolution to which we have alluded, to say that not one of them in the discussion, took ground against the principle, of state aid to railroads.

They thought, however, it was not the opportune moment to inaugurate the system. In a year or two more, they said, we might wisely and prudently enter upon it. The lamented Gov. Helm, who was chairman of the committee, took occasion in the discussion to declare the earnest interest he had cherished through all his life, in the promotion of works of internal improvement, and he only desired to wait till the time, which he considered very near at hand when the state debt contracted under the old internal improvement system, shall be so near extinguished that we can easily see the end of it, and he would then be ready, as he declared, to unite in earnest and with all his heart in the inauguration of a new system, such as should give full development to the resources of the state. The opportune period and circumstances to which he looked forward as fitting for the inauguration are now at hand, and is confidently believed, that had he lived to discharge the duties of the high executive trust to which he had been called, he would have made it the leading measure of his administration.

We have not the space to continue this subject in this issue, but next week we will present the plan we favor, and which, we think will command the indorsement of our people as being free from serious objections which have proven fatal to other measures designed to secure the same end. This subject is one of paramount importance, and from time to time, we will urge it upon the attention of our readers.

For the Kentucky Sentinel.
 When and Where shall We Meet Again?

'Twas uttered by the pale lips of a lovely child—long since the rose-finger faded from the glowing cheek, the love-light from its bright and sparkling eye. 'Twas responded in tones of anguish by the bearded and disconsolate mother, as she bemoaned the loss of her loved one. 'Twas heard amid the gay, and giddy, in the halls where mirth and pleasure held their sway. A response came from the humble dwelling amid the narrow precincts of the destitute; it came across the deep with a mournful wail as the friend of earlier days bade farewell to their native land. 'Twas uttered by the trembling lips of a young, and lovely bride, as she gazed, perhaps, for the last time, on the faces of loved ones left behind. Will we meet again amid the scenes of earlier days in the bright vernal morn of youth; when the cheek wears a rosy hue, the eye sparkles with fresh reckless fire, the step buoyant and light; when beauty, joy and hope breathe their inspiration on the soul; when life is a joy, and we seem to walk alone amid sunshine and bloom. Sunbeams shine around us, the path beneath our feet seems paved with living green, sweet flowers spread their balmy influence o'er each pang of sorrow and regret. Will it be when age has silvered the once raven locks, or bowed the stately form; when fiery youth has succumbed to the stern but gentle advance of coming age? Will it be in some far distant land, where strangers alone will wipe the death damp from the cold and marble-like face, or to moisten the parched and feverish lips?—Will it be when *Remorse* bids us look back upon neglected hours, when the golden petals of pleasure's flower have withered, and the green tinted joys have changed to autumnal morn, and naught but the prophetic gales of *repentance* murmur through the withered leaves of manhood, a sad but pleasing voice comes to us like the silvery echo of the low breathing minstrel, as it is wafted on the silent breeze, or like the far off chiming bells, and brings the glad tidings, not then or there, but beyond the grave, in a brighter and happier world, where separation never comes.—There it is that the heart which has suffered will find rest, its struggles will be o'er and none but God will know the bright hopes and fond joys, which that poor heart had anticipated. There in the silent receptacle of earth sleeps the still form the peaceful dead, and naught is left but the memory—the silence of their dust.

When the heart is pure there is hardly anything which can mislead the understanding in matters of immediate personal concernment.

Address of Hon. Z. F. Smith, Superintendent of Public Instruction, FRANKFORT, KY., Jan. 16, 1869.
 To the People of Kentucky:

I cannot omit the occasion to congratulate you upon the final passage, through the Legislature, of the long pending and all-important "Bill for the benefit of the Common School System," which was consummated on Friday last. The bill was introduced over one year ago into that body, and, after the severest ordeal in both Houses, has at last signally triumphed over all opposition. It has passed the House by a vote of seventy-one to sixteen and the Senate by a vote of twenty-seven to two. The Superintendent desires to call your attention to it thus early, because it will be not only the greatest question of the canvass and election on the first Monday in August next, but the most important question which the sovereign people of Kentucky were ever called upon to decide at the ballot-box. It involves the issue whether or not our good Commonwealth intends to provide for the education of her children at the expense of her public revenues, as other enlightened States and Nations have done, and are doing, throughout the civilized world. It is too late to waste time in the discussion of the principles or policy involved in the measure. The contest has been fought over a hundred times, and the verdict has ever been for popular education. No government has ever tried it and gone back upon her record.

The bill to be submitted to popular vote in August proposes an additional tax of fifteen cents on the one hundred dollars for the support of common schools, and, if this is ratified, the reconstruction of our school system throughout, and thus to guarantee a five months' school to every child of the State annually.

That you will ratify this act of our General Assembly by an overwhelming majority, I have not the least doubt, from the almost universal approbation of the plans and measures of school reform proposed which has been given from every locality in the State. The majority should be overwhelming only in proportion to liberal vote by which the bill passed both the Senate and the House.

The occasion will determine who are really friends of the people and who mere politicians, among the public men of our State—who are the working, active friends of the people's interest, and who only profess to be so. The issue is too momentous to admit of indifference. Let the friends of the bill in every county and precinct in Kentucky adopt measures for the decision of its merits, and to bring to the polls every citizen who favors its adoption. That it will be endorsed by the people we doubt not; but that it should be endorsed by a large vote and overwhelming majority, is due to the honor and fame of our old Commonwealth.

With your ratification, the Superintendent promises to have prepared the new school code for the consideration and action of the next General Assembly on the first Monday in December next, and, in the beginning of 1870, to launch the new school system, endowed and equipped with ample means and provisions, for a five months' school in every district in this State. From that date we will begin to see under our new regime, new and handsome school-houses springing up in every neighborhood; our sons and daughters trained and educated in the profession of teaching and following this honorable vocation with fair and liberal compensation; our children in the hands of professional and competent instructors, and a new interest everywhere awakened among the people themselves in regard to popular education.

This act, ratified and consummated, inaugurates a new era in the history of the domestic economy of our State. It is the introduction of new agencies and policies which are destined to revolutionize the morbid and effete abstractions of the past and to infuse a new vitality into the social, intellectual, and material interests of our people.

Pains will be taken to discuss the measure and its merits in the coming canvass and to give to our fellow-citizens the opportunity to fully consider the great question at issue.

Z. F. SMITH.
 Kentucky papers will please copy.

Patrick Henry left in his will the following important passage: "I have now disposed of all my property to my family; there is one thing more I wish I could give them, and that is the christian religion.—If they have that, and I had not given them one shilling, they would be rich; and if they had not that, and I had given them all the world, they would be poor."

When is a flock of sheep like our climate? When is it composed of all weathers.

STIPULATIONS WITH ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements ordered for less than one month will be charged fifty cents per square for each insertion after the first. Special notices 15 cents a line for the first insertion, and 10 cents a line for each subsequent insertion. Arrangements and deaths inserted gratuitously. Obituary notices ten cents per line. The privileges conferred to annual advertisers will be strictly confined to their own business, and advertisements occupying more space than contracted for, or advertisements foreign to the legitimate business of the contracting parties, will be charged for extra, at our published rates.

Be Courteous.

Moses Taylor is one of our richest men. His dividends this year are said to exceed one million. He began a little trade for himself when he was a boy, kept his own account of profit and loss with his own hand, and has done it ever since. His clerks cannot cheat him, and false entries would not damage him, for he keeps a supplemental set of books written up every night at his house by himself. He is a genial, cheerful, intelligent, courteous merchant. His face is a benediction! He is welcome to all boards; and while he has decided opinions and expresses them, his manner is so mild and courteous, that it is a pleasure to be associated with him.—This spirit has opened avenues of influence and success to him which have led to his great wealth.

John Hoey, the well known Superintendent of Adams' Express Company, began life on the lowest round of the ladder, nor is he ashamed of it. When he entered the establishment of which he is the head, he did anything that turned up. He made the fire, swept the store, ran errands. He was always smart and intelligent. And what was rarer, he was courteous. As he arose he was marked by civility to people who were under him.—He gave little attentions to the porters and packers of large houses, made them his friends, and they gave him business. All day long he stands at his desk in his great establishment, attends to the complicated cases that are hourly rising; hears all that anybody has to say, whether they are reasonable or unreasonable, cool or excited; never gets ruffled; never loses his good nature; and is a fair specimen of what courtesy can do for a man in New York.

Get into Your Hole.

During the "late unpleasantness" there was a cool, unquenchable sort of a Yankee, named Gunn, who ran a stage in Western Virginia over a route much infested by bushwhackers. We frequently told Gunn he would some day get smashed up and gobbled, and that he had better give up his job, but all to no purpose, for he kept on driving stage and pocketing the greenbacks. So three of us concluded we would give him a scare that he would accept as a warning. In coming from his stables late at night he always took a short cut across an old burying ground.—To this point we repaired. One of our number, wrapped in a sheet, lay down stark and stiff on one side of the newly-made graves, while the others dodged behind the tombstones, and impatiently awaited Gunn's arrival. Soon he came along, whistling and swinging a pair of heavy bristles, when all at once he was confronted by the counterfeited specter.—There he stood for a few moments with his arms akimbo, and coolly eyed the object from head to foot, then raising the bristles, began to give it a tremendous thrashing, bawling out at the same time, "Consarn your plecter, what are you doin' out here this time of night? Get into your hole." We concluded to let Gunn alone after that.

A good story has been told about John Van Buren. He had taken some technical legal advantage, by which the opposing client in an action was non-suited.—The man was furious, and declared his purpose to give John a piece of his mind when he saw him; he would wither him. Happening to see John one day at Downing's, standing at the bar, getting outside of a dozen New York boys, he boldly confronted the prince, and, being a small man, looked up at him fiercely and burst out: "Mr. Van Buren, is there any client so mean and low, or is any case so nasty that you won't undertake to defend him in it?"

"I don't know," said John, stopping to put away another; then, bending down and confidently drawing out his reply in the little man's ear, "what have you been doing?"

"My dear Jeremiah Ann, may I see you home from singing school to-night, and keep the dogs from biting you?"

"No, Jonathan," pettishly answered the down-caster, "I don't want you—I'd sooner the dogs would bite me."

"Perhaps you didn't hear what I said?" asked Jonathan stepping up to her.

"Yes I did. You asked me if you could see me home."

"No, I didn't," bawled Jonathan; "I asked you how your mother was!"

A wandering Yankee who had put up for the night in a Western border town, on entering the bar-room next morning found the landlord sweeping up what he supposed to be grapes. He said to him: "You have pretty large grapes out here." "Grape!" said the landlord; "them's eyes that were gouged out here last night!"

"Mike, if you meet Pat tell him to make haste." "Sure, an' I will; but what'll I tell him if I don't meet him?"

KENTUCKY SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
WILL T. HANLY.
AT \$2 50 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

MOUNT STERLING, KY.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1869.

The Legal Advertising Bill.

We see with regret that the motion to reconsider this measure has prevailed and that it has been rejected by the House of Representatives by a decided vote. Considering that the bill was carefully matured and drawn up and sanctioned by the ablest intellects in the State and the further fact that it had already passed by a large majority, we had hoped that the motion to reconsider would be lost and the bill be sent up to the Senate. We are puzzled to know what change has come over the sage individuals. Only last winter it was regarded as a measure of vital importance; now it sustains an overwhelming defeat. The objects and purposes of the bill were fully vindicated by Judge Thriston and others; it was shown conclusively that it inured to the benefit of the debtor as well as the creditor; that the present mode of advertising judicial sales and sales under execution was wholly inadequate to give them publicity and that in many cases the property of the unfortunate debtor was sacrificed at a nominal price. All the objections urged against it seemed to be founded on a total misapprehension of its scope and design. The passage of the measure would have brought but little cost to the State. The only feature requiring money to be drawn from the Treasury was the section authorizing Judges of Circuit Courts to advertise the time of holding their Special Terms; and this would not have cost the State more than one hundred dollars per year, and the advantages of this are too apparent for argument. The main objection of the opponents of the bill sprang from the idea that it was to be passed wholly for the benefit of the press of Kentucky, and that it was intended to enrich the newspapers at the expense of the people. The press had nothing to do with the measure. Its members did not draft, advocate or influence the fate of the project. In the Convention recently held at Frankfort, they were silent upon the subject. Of course, they would have liked to have had the fees arising from the advertisement, but they are by no means dependent upon them. When the press spoke of it, they advocated the measure as one of public usefulness, as one that would relieve the debtor from the combinations of capitalists and land buying Pharisaees, who devour widows' houses and the pittance of orphans; as one that indicated wise statesmanship and judicious legislation. It was a measure of progress and enlightenment and would have conferred more substantial good results upon the citizens of the Commonwealth than one-half of the petty local legislation that now engrosses the legislative mind. We are sorry to notice that there are some intellects in the Legislature too narrow to comprehend a useful measure and too little to embrace the interests of their constituents. They are aghast and panic-stricken at a little increase of costs in litigation and vote to pass hundreds of local bills for the benefit of individuals and large appropriations for favored sections.

We commend the zeal and energy of the friends of this measure. We hope they may yet see the law enacted. In the next Legislature, a more liberal and reflective spirit may prevail. The people demand such a law and will have it. We desire the press all over the State to advocate the claims of legal advertisement.

If we judge aright, the question of the removal of the capital is still left in an unsettled state by the bill recently passed to expend \$100,000 in the construction of vaults, &c., for the preservation of the public records. Should it pass the Senate and become a law, it leaves the vexed question still open for the discussion of future legislation. The bill which proposed originally two millions of dollars to begin extensions on the public buildings was reduced to one million to be expended for preservation and not for extension. However the Frankfort people may view the matter, we cannot regard it in any other light than as equivalent to an adjournment of the question to the next Legislature.

If there be any public topic of which the people of the State are weary, it is the Capitol question. They have had it discussed for many years. It has been an unending topic. Its agitation never fails to infuse consternation into the bosoms of the Frankfort inhabitants, who have now been long enough on the tenterhooks. The subject should be settled and at once. The Frankfort citizens are tired of hearing the question discussed. They have run long enough at the cry of wolf. And when settled we should erect public edifices that would honor the State. The present ones are poor and wholly inadequate for the public business. They need to be replaced by others on a larger scale.

Authoritative advices from Washington clearly indicate that President Johnson wishes to be the next Democratic candidate for Governor of Tennessee, and that there is very little doubt that he will have his wishes gratified. Congressman Stokes will be the Radical candidate.

A Word to Cincinnati.

We are informed that under the Constitution of Ohio, cities are prohibited from taking stock in and making subscriptions to works of public improvement and that it is necessary to have legislative sanction in some way, either by special Act or an amendment to the State Constitution, to enable cities as cities to make grants and donations to internal improvements. All the trade of North Eastern Kentucky goes to Cincinnati. The great effort now in railroad enterprises and combinations is to direct the merchandise and traffic of this region from Cincinnati to Louisville; and this effort is already partially successful. Witness the completion of the road to Richmond, Kentucky by which the trade of the wealthy counties of Madison, Garrard and others is now poured towards Louisville. The Legislature of Kentucky have just chartered a road which proposes to connect with the Paducah and Elizabethtown road at the latter place, to run thence to Lexington, through Winchester and Mt. Sterling and passing through the mineral regions of Eastern Kentucky, to terminate at Cadesburg. Great exertions will be made to construct this road. We think that unless Cincinnati bestirs herself she is in danger of being deprived of a very lucrative and steady trade. We need more railroad facilities to connect North Eastern Kentucky with her. A charter is now in existence for a railroad beginning at Falmouth traversing the valley of Licking and running through the counties of Nicholas, Bath, Montgomery and the best and richest portions of Eastern Kentucky. This is the road Cincinnati now needs. Its completion will benefit her by securing a constant and steady trade, and by giving us a fine market in which to buy and sell. This road or one running along the most practicable route indicated in the charter, combined with the facilities for trade and commerce afforded by opening the navigation of Licking River which is now secured by legislative action, will be of incalculable service to Cincinnati. They will enable her to retain her hold on a productive and exhaustless section and silence all competition. We hope therefore, that the city will secure from the Legislature now in session, an authority to subscribe stock in its corporate capacity to any road that may be constructed into the fertile districts of Eastern and North Eastern Kentucky. We learn that the business men of Cincinnati, always liberal and progressive, have already been agitating this matter.

Alaska.

This important territorial acquisition is situated in the neighborhood of the North Pole and covers many thousand square miles of ice. It is bounded on the south by Oregon and on the North by the supposed open sea, so fruitlessly sought after by Arctic explorers. On the West it has no particular boundary and on the East it abuts either on the English possessions or the United States. It produces annually large quantities of superior ice, very little of which is exported. Its chief productions are polar bears, walrus and seals. The inhabitants are of small stature, live hundreds of miles apart and burrow in the ground like prairie dogs or live in low huts like Esquimaux. A few Russians live in palaces built of ice and sleep on couches of snow. The general tone of society is chilly. The natives are clothed in skins and furs and visit each other once in ten years. It is impossible to raise any garden "sauce." Few vegetables flourish in the territory. A species of lichen is scraped from the backs of old seals and made into a kind of pie which is said to be highly relished by the Alaskan gourmands. The chief article of diet is whale tripe and seal steak, which are swallowed with the aid of huge cups of melted oil. It has no theatres or places of amusement. Beyond an occasional bear dance on an iceberg there is no other diversion. The inhabitants do not enjoy the blessing of a National debt. Greenbacks are not known, the chief circulating medium being Walrus hides, cut into thin strips. Newspapers and divorce courts are not among their luxuries. It always being too cold for quarrels there is no need of courts. There is but one postmaster in the whole domain, and on account of the ice, he receives his mails about every five years.

Such are some of the features of the distant land bought by Seward of the Russian government for seven or eight millions in gold. The original purpose of the purchase was to convert it into a territory as soon as possible, and to use it as Russia does Siberia, as a place for honorable exile to troublesome and importunate offenders. But this object has been frustrated. The House of Representatives have refused to establish a territorial government over the seals and snow-fields, and the icebergs to reign undisturbed by Congressional edicts. As the valuable services of Congressman Ashley have been dispensed with by his constituents, it is suggested that he be appointed Military Governor of the purchase with full power to originate articles of impeachment against the cold weather for obstructing the mails. Chandler and Yates, desirous of going in to the temperance movement would doubtless accompany him in search of a place to cool off.

Public worship is regularly conducted in Chicago in eight languages.

The Licking River Bill.

The Legislature has passed the bill appropriating the sum of \$75,000 to remove the obstructions in Licking River. There is no doubt the Governor will sign it. The measure is an important one to the people of North Eastern Kentucky and opens up a vast field for enterprise and wealth in the mountainous regions. All along the banks of the river and near it are beds of fine coal, and forests of excellent timber which can be transported down the river to market when the obstructions are removed. The passage of this measure indicates an awakening of the country to the development of the mineral wealth of Kentucky and we trust it is but the beginning of the spirit of an enlightened and liberal enterprise.

James W. Tate, the present Treasurer of the State, at the earnest solicitations of his friends from all parts of the State, will be candidate for re-election next August. He has discharged his duties with zeal and fidelity and made an efficient and accomplished officer. The track should be given to him by acclamation, as it would involve great expense and trouble to call a convention for the sole purpose of nominating a Candidate for Treasurer. We would suggest that the members of the Legislature before they adjourn hold a consultation, and if the matter meets their views, authorize the Central Committee to declare Mr. Tate the nominee. He has served the State well and deserves a reelection. The people want him, and desire him to have the race.

We happened in Frankfort a few days since, and while on the floor of the Senate heard a discussion of the proposition to appropriate \$75,000 to remove the obstructions from Licking river. Among the Senators who advocated the bill was Hon. Jos. M. Alexander, of Fleming. He delivered a speech of great earnestness and power, and thoroughly exhausted the subject under discussion. He received marked attention from the Senate and galleries. It is owing mainly to the efforts of Senator Alexander that this highly important measure was passed. The people of North Eastern Kentucky will remember with gratitude his eminent and distinguished services. Fleming has reason to be proud of his Senator.

County Court Day at Winchester.

EDITOR SENTINEL:—I had the good fortune, on Monday last, to visit the good old town of Winchester. It being county court day in Clark, many of the citizens of that and the adjoining counties had met to transact business of various kinds, and to see which way the currents of trade and commerce were drifting. Winchester is now the stock emporium of Central Kentucky; her cattle market especially surpasses that of any other county in the State. We might safely say that from 500 to 1000 head of cattle change hands every county court day here. They are driven by enterprising tradesmen not only from other parts of the State, but even from Tennessee and Missouri, and offered at public auction to the broad-acre farmers of this region. Buyers from all parts of the country congregate here to purchase stock with which to graze, what I consider, the best stock-growing section of our State.

Stock of all kinds brought good prices. The demand for cattle far exceeded the supply. Good two-year-old cattle brought from \$80 to \$75 per head, at least 7 cents per pound, while common grade cattle brought about 4 cents per pound. Some few mules were offered in the market, and commanded good prices.

To strangers visiting Kentucky our county court days are a perfect treat, to see so many varieties of men, of all professions, trades, mechanics, all mingling together, in a confused heap, while here and there, a broad-mouthed auctioneer is crying at the top of his voice "the last call" on a lot of Durham cattle or a dilapidated seventeen year old cow! The scene around affords truly a picture for the philosopher and painter. 'Tis ludicrous, and truly in the language of Billings, "a penicill sketch!"

Our attention was especially called to a "bully boy with a blue eye," who had perched himself in a buggy, and with extended arms, held in his hands the great "Indian cure," a medicine about which poets had sung and sages had descended; a speedy cure for all the ills of life, warranted simon-pure, and to give satisfaction, if not the bottle could be returned. While nearly opposite, mounted upon a goods-box, was the redoubtable Dr. D., proclaiming to the eager multitude the unsearchable riches and inestimable virtues of his world-renowned nostrum, a patent that had mastered and subdued every pang and ache to which the human frame was subject—warranted to kill and cure the jumping toothache a hundred yards off-hand and double that distance with a rest—Patent medicines were all the rage. We could see them, smell and taste them on all sides. Hood's Sovereign Balm had to "pale its ineffable fires" before the King of all Pains, who offered his generous services to a gouty and chronic public for the paltry sum of \$1. I think if Job had been there he would have had "nary bile" by night, as he would have been very apt to have bled over at so many successive applications of patent medicines. But we will not attempt to tell you all we saw and heard. We saw some things

that were pretty, and some that were not. We saw a pretty girl, with a train like a pea-cock's tail, going the "choleic stoop" to perfection; and then we saw the editor of the Clark County Democrat!—But I will not attempt to tell you all I saw; suffice it to say that I saw a great multitude of cattle—long-horn and short-horn, blindle and bob-tailed—thick as the locusts in Egypt, with a mixed concourse of men, amply sufficient to eat them all if cooked!

The first thing I did when I got there was to take a drink, for I was afraid that the smell of so many cattle would not set well on my stomach and make me sick; and it pains me much to say that from the vast number of folks I met going to and coming from the saloon, that a heap of other folks had weak stomachs, too, and had to come to the same conclusion, that a weary drop of liquors was not hard to take! A good many folks have weak stomachs naturally, especially in dog-days which are nearly here. I don't think there can be more than six temperance societies in Winchester; if there are, I don't think they are well regulated.

Winchester boasts a number one hotel, a secure jail, a good-looking editor, and all she now wants to make her a first-class town is a few pure-blooded terriers and a large distillery, the latter of which we understand will soon be erected by Messrs. Vanneter & Moore, for the mutual benefit of the county and inland consumption. But we like to have forgotten to mention the fact that a company are also engaged in putting up an extensive cheese factory near Strode's station, about 12 miles from Winchester, on the Lexington pike, where a man can get just as much cheese as he wants, and can then call for Moore's little further on. Good cheese and good Bourbon don't go bad together. But as Mount Sterling is not a glass house, and some busy-body might throw a brick over this way, "let us take a drink and have peace."

PURIFY THE BLOOD.—It is conceded by the most eminent medical men, the blood is the fruitful parent of disease, by serving as a vehicle through which noxious substance contaminate the flesh by absorption. The foetid contents of the bowels, if long retained by constipation, are often taken up by the veins or absorbents. Various morbid products, such as pus and saines of unhealthy ulcers, occasionally find their way into the blood vessels, which result in seated cases of Scrofula or King's Evil, Erysipelas, St. Vit's Dance, Plevnry, Dizziness, Tumors, Gripping and Choleric Pains, &c., all of which diseases readily yield to the powerful influence of "Dr. Roback's Blood Purifier," which searches out all the vile humors and distempers, leaving the blood in a pure and healthy condition. The many valuable ingredients of which the Blood Purifier is composed being adapted to each other strictly according to the laws of chemical science, makes it one of the most valuable alteratives and system renovators of the present age, and its success as a great medicine must increase so long as disease continues to vex the soul of man.

New Advertisements.

PUBLIC SALE

Valuable Property.

I will sell to the highest bidder,
On Saturday, February 6th, 1869,
At 1 o'clock, P. M. on the premises where I now live,

MY RESIDENCE,

And 12 1-4 ACRES OF LAND attached. The house is a new frame, with
EIGHT GOOD ROOMS,
All newly finished and newly painted. There is a convenient to the house, all necessary Out-Buildings, consisting of
BARN, BUGGY-HOUSE, MEAT-HOUSE, POULTRY-HOUSE, &c.

This is one of the most desirable and convenient residences about the town. The lot runs to the Levee Pike and adjoins the lands of Judge B. J. Peters.

Also, at the same time I will sell a lot of HORSE STOCK and some fine MILCH COWS,
One Buggy and Harness,
150 bushels of Irish Potatoes, 50 barrels of Corn in the crib, 2,000 Oak Boards, 6,000 Shingles, 1,000 feet of inch Plank, Farming Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture.
Terms made known on day of sale.
JAS. H. ROBERTS.

H. Caywood, Auct'r.
Feb. 4-1w.

JAS. M. THOMAS,

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, &c.

Cor. Main St. and Georgetown Pike,
Terms Cash. Paris, Ky.
Feb. 4-1y.

QUEEN OF THE SOUTH

PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

CORN MEAL, WHEAT FLOURING AND STOCK TREAD, BOILING APPARATUS, SMUTTERS, &c.

MILL WORK GENERALLY.

Our Mills are built from choice Bar Blocks, selected at the Quarries in France, by Isaac Straub himself. Send for descriptive pamphlet containing treatise on Milling, sent by mail free. Address
ISAAC STRAUB & CO.,
Cor. Front & John Sts.
Cincinnati, O.
Feb. 4-3m.

New Advertisements.

Valuable Farm FOR SALE.

On Thursday, February 18, 1869,

The undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the premises, 2 1/2 miles west of Mt. Sterling, on the Winchester and Mt. Sterling Turnpike,

THE FARM

Of John N. Congleton, dec'd containing
About 300 Acres!

In a high state of cultivation, and well timbered and watered, and highly improved. It has a fine

BRICK DWELLING HOUSE

And all other necessary Out-Buildings on it, including a large

NEW BARN & STABLES,

And is one of the most desirable and best improved farms in Montgomery county. It has also a splendid Cistern within a few feet of the house door, and a well of good water in the yard, and is well supplied with

FRUIT TREES,

Of the finest quality and of every description. It will be sold in three equal payments—the first payment cash, the second in one year, the third in two years from the day of sale, the purchaser to give bond with good security for the purchase money, also retaining a lien upon the land. Possession given on the day of sale.

At the same time and place, I will sell five Shares of Stock in the Winchester and Mount Sterling Turnpike Road, and an interest in a Wheat Thresher.

FRANK E. CONGLETON, Com'r.
Feb. 4-1d.

At the same time and place of the above, I will sell to the highest bidder,

18 Head of two-year-old Cattle; 9 YEARLINGS; Two Work Horses; 3 or 4 Nice Fat Cattle,

Suitable for the use;
16 Extra Shoats.

A lot of Corn in the crib; 1 two horse Wagon and Harness.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

Several Stacks of Good Hay;
1 Rockaway & Harness, Household & Kitchen Furniture.

Terms made known on day of sale.
Feb. 4-1d. ROBT. BEAN.

REPORT of the TREASURER

Of the town of Mount Sterling for the Month of January, 1869.

Jan. 1. Cash on hand \$8 25
" 31. Amount received during month 659 80
\$668 05

PAID OUT AS PER VOUCHERS.

Jan. 2. P. L. Loney & Mike Shannon \$35 00
" 2. P. L. Loney 32 00
" 2. P. Loney 75 00
" 7. J. Owens 29 00
" 7. P. Loney 30 00
" 7. J. W. Burroughs, 64 30
" 7. Mike Shannon 9 00
" 7. P. Loney 15 00
" 7. J. M. Burdin 4 00
" 7. Fred Senier 7 00
" 7. T. Magowan, on note, 60 00
" 23. P. Loney 6 50
" 23. J. W. Rose 15 00
" 23. P. Loney 8 00
" 23. Mike Shannon 18 25
" 23. P. Loney 95 00
" 23. Express on casting to New York 1 25
\$660 30
" 31. Cash on hand. 7 75
\$668 05

THOS. HOFFMAN, Treas.

MOUNT STERLING

MALE and FEMALE

INSTITUTE.

THE Second Term of the Second Session begins Monday, February 1, 1869, and ends June 13, 1869.

Expenses for Twenty Weeks.

Boarding, with washing, fuel and lights \$100
Primary Department 15
Preparatory " 20
College " 25
Music—Piano, Guitar and Melodeon, each 30
Use of Instrument 5
French 10
Incidentals—Fuel, Ink, Pens, Chalk, &c. 2 00
Instruction in Vocal Music free of charge.

All bills for tuition payable each term in advance. On accounts not paid within one month after the opening of each term 10 per cent will be charged. No deduction made except in unavoidable absence, protracted at least one month.

None but able, earnest and energetic teachers will be employed or retained in this institution. The school rooms are as neat and well furnished as any in Kentucky.

New and elegant pianos for use of music pupils.

Board of Trustees.

D. HAZELRIGG, President.
WM. MITCHELL,
JOSHUA OWINGS, ESQ.
JAS. TURLEY, ESQ.
ANDERSON CHENAULT.

Board of Instructors.

H. E. HOLTON, Principal.
MRS. H. B. HOLTON,
MISS L. MUNNELL, Teacher of Music.
July 9.

CONNECTICUTT

MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

Assets over \$21,000,000.
Organized in 1846. Charter Perpetual. Numbers over 55,000 Members.
Its Dividends have averaged over 50 per cent. Its income from annual interest alone is more than sufficient to pay all of its losses.

Reference is made to
Hon. Judge B. J. Peters, Insured for \$10,000
Wm. Mitchell Esq., Cash. Farmers' Bk \$10,000
Hon. Judge B. Apperson \$10,000
H. E. Holton \$5,000
H. E. HOLTON, Agent.
Dec. 10th 1868.

DISTILLERY.

Distillery for sale, situated within Six Miles of Mt. Sterling. Terms low and easy.
Dec. 10th 1868. THOMPSON & CO.

New Advertisements.

HOWE & ANDERSON, Wholesale Grocers

LIQUOR DEALERS,

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Staple & Fancy Groceries,

Will buy all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, For which we will pay the

Highest Market Price.

Our South-East corner of Main and Mayville Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky.
HOWE & ANDERSON.

Having sold out my entire stock of Groceries, Liquors, &c., to Messrs. Howe & Anderson, I take pleasure in recommending them as gentlemen worthy of confidence and a continuance of the liberal patronage extended to me while in business, and for which accept my thanks.
J. C. GLOVER.
Jan. 28-ly.

Farm for Sale!

On the premises, on

Tuesday, February 9th, 1869,

The undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder, the farm on which J. S. Evans now resides, about 2 miles east of Mount Sterling. The Farm contains

124 ACRES!

And is in an elegant state of cultivation, and has a very good

DWELLING HOUSE

And other necessary Out-Buildings on it. It is one of the best and most desirable farms in Montgomery county, and is well timbered and watered, and has a

GOOD ORCHARD

On it. It will be sold in two equal payments: the first payment cash, with a few days time given the purchaser to raise the money if required, the second and last payment due in one year from day of sale, with ten reserved on the 1st of March next.

At the same time and place, I will sell all my Stock, consisting of

HORSES, CATTLE & HOGS,

250 Barrels of Corn, in crib.
Hay, Fodder, Oats, Wagons,

A lot of seasoned Oak Lumber, Farming Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture.
All sums of \$50 each, and over \$20 three months credit.
JOS. S. EVANS.
L. D. Wilson, Auct'r.
January 28-2w.

Notice to Sportingmen.

PERSONS wanting Thoroughbred Setter Dogs, also three fine cases of stuffed birds for sale. Persons having fine birds to set up can have it done by addressing me. All letters for dogs sent immediately.

JOHN W. WHEELER,
Market st., Mayville, Ky.
Jan. 28-2w.

Boarders Wanted.

I WOULD take a few more day boarders on reasonable terms. I have also a good lower front room, suitable for a gentleman and wife.

Jan. 21. MRS. NASSIE YELDELL.

To the Public.

WE the undersigned stable keepers of Mount Sterling, will from this time forward hire no horse, buggy or hack on credit unless it be to persons with whom we have running accounts.

WOOD & NELSON.
W. S. THOMAS.
Jan. 21.

SETTLE UP!

HAVING sold out and quit the grocery business, those knowing themselves indebted to me are notified to call and SETTLE UP, as the business must be

CLOSED UP AT ONCE.
Jan. 21. C. J. GLOVER.

For Sale Privately.

I OFFER for sale privately, my Residence and two acres of good land, lying on the Grassy Lick Turnpike, in Montgomery county, about five miles from Mount Sterling. It is a splendid location for a mechanic or physician. It is in a good neighborhood, and is convenient to schools and churches. The dwelling is a

Good Comfortable House

With four rooms, and all necessary outbuildings, with never failing well of good water in the garden.

Also, I will sell privately, about twenty-five acres of good land, lying about a half mile from my residence on the road to Mount Sterling, known as part of the Gilkey farm. The land is under good fence, about two-thirds in grass, the balance in cultivation, though the whole of it can be cultivated. It has an abundance of never-failing water.

I will sell the land and house together, or either of them separately, at a reasonable price, having determined to move west. For further particulars inquire on the premises.

Jan. 21st. W. S. RASH.
Clark County Democrat copy and send bill to this office.

FURNITURE.

J. W. Patterson,
Manufacturer & Importer of
FURNITURE,
LEXINGTON, KY.

WISHES to inform his friends and the public that he has on hand

A Large Stock of Furniture,

The most of which is of his own manufacture, which he will sell on as reasonable terms as any house in the city.
[Jan. 7-3m.]

GOOD HEALTH.

Is paramount to wealth. If the system is in bad order purge out the vile humors and distempers with Roback's Blood Pills, and get the internal organs performing their regular functions, and once in order, keep them so by the daily use of Roback's Stomach Bitters. Breen & Young, Agents.

JOB WORK

NEATLY EXECUTED
AT THE SENTINEL OFFICE.

LIME FOR SALE.

THE SENTINEL.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1869.

LOCAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

Removal.

The office of the SENTINEL has been removed to the room on Main Street over Breen's drug store, formerly occupied by the Old Fellows as a lodge room. Persons having business with us will find our location more convenient than heretofore.

A meeting of the soldiers of the war of 1812 will be held at the 221 of February.

"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH."—See advertisement of the celebrated Grist Mills of Isaac Straub & Co., of Cincinnati, in another column.

SNOW FLAKE BAKING POWDER.—Chiles & Jones have the celebrated baking powder named above, which is highly recommended. Get a box and try it. Every box warranted.

Jonett & Apperson are in receipt of a splendid stock of Hardware and Stoves. Their stock of builders' goods is very large and attractive. They invite persons in want of goods in their line to give them a call.

R. T. Smith has arranged his business in the South so he will not have to go. He has 3,000 acres of land in Texas, lying on the Trinity and Brazos rivers, for sale.

Kavanaugh, a little son of our excellent sheriff, Capt. Tipton, was thrown from a horse on our streets a few days ago and severely bruised. We are gratified to announce, however, that he is out again.

Remember that the sale of the valuable farm at present occupied by Jos. Evans, takes place next Tuesday. There will be sold at the same time a lot of valuable stock and a quantity of grain.

SOLD.—John W. Clay sold, last week, his beautiful brick residence in the suburbs of this town, with twenty acres of land attached, for \$15,000. John Jay Anderson, Esq., was the purchaser.

Our townsman, R. T. Smith, has invented and patented attachments to be applied to measuring tape lines. At the cost of a few cents, it renders the line from ten to twenty times its former value. With them one man can measure lumber rapidly and load or unload it at the same time. He offers State and County rights for sale.

Tom Probert requests the person who took the lantern from the post on Glover's corner on the night of the reception in Odd Fellows hall, to return the same without delay. The lantern belongs to Mr. L. T. Chiles, and has his name cut in the glass globe. Let it be returned with out delay.

It will be seen by an advertisement in another column, that James H. Roberts will sell his valuable property, in the suburbs of this town, at public sale on Saturday, the 6th inst. This place is very desirable as a family residence. It has attached about 12 acres of good land, and all necessary outbuildings. To any one wishing to buy a pleasant suburban residence this offers a rare inducement.

FARM FOR SALE.—Maj. W. W. Foster will sell to the highest bidder, on the 25th inst., his desirable farm of 175 acres, lying near Sharpsburg, Bath county. This is one of the best farms in this section of the State. It has upon it all the necessary improvements, and to any one wishing to purchase a good farm, this offers a splendid opportunity.

FIRE.—The store-house, with a residence attached, of Maupin & Senteimer, at Howard's Mills, in this county, was entirely consumed by fire on Wednesday night of last week. There was quite an amount of goods in the store at the time all of which were destroyed. There was no insurance upon the building or the goods, and the loss will fall heavily on the owners of the property.

Hoffman & Co. have just imported the largest and handsomest stock of table and pocket cutlery ever brought to this market. They have several hundred dollars worth of pocket cutlery alone, of the finest and best brands known. Their stock of table cutlery is very large for this market. Persons have only to call and examine, and if they cannot make a selection from their stock they cannot be pleased anywhere. Give them a call.

The Southern Hotel, at Lexington, now under the management of Worley & McCormick, is one of the best in Kentucky. Worley is the prince of landlords, and McCormick, former proprietor of the Blue Lick Springs, is a whole-souled hospitable fellow, and understands fully the art of making his guests comfortable. People from this section travelling through Lexington will meet a warm welcome at the Southern. Our clever young friend Tobie Smith, officiates as one of the clerks.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—The Supreme Court has decided that greenbacks are not liable to state, city, or county tax. This has been a long mooted question, and its decision will have an important bearing upon the revenue of States and corporations owned by levy taxes.

Book Notice

From the press of Black & Co., New York, there will be issued shortly a book called the "Southern Amaranth" compiled and arranged by Miss S. A. Brock of Virginia. The book will contain the largest and most carefully selected poems growing out of the late war in the South, and will be the poetic expression of the suffering and genius of that section during the war. It promises to be a work of high and lasting merit. It will contain 650 pages with illustrated title-page, and will be sold by subscription at the price of \$3 a copy.

One half of the proceeds arising from the sales of the book will be given to the various memorial associations of the South which have for their object the preservation of the bodies and memories of the gallant soldiers who fell in a struggle for a Southern Nationality.

The work will supply a desideratum in Southern literature and will be read with interest.

Mr. K. S. Dargan, a young gentleman from South Carolina, engaged in teaching in Montgomery, will canvass the country for subscribers to the work. We cheerfully recommend him and his undertaking to the consideration of our people and trust he may meet with the success his merit and mission deserve. Orders may be left at the Sentinel office.

By reference to another column of our paper it will be seen that the farm and residence of the late John N. Congleton will be offered for sale to the highest bidder on Thursday, the 18th of the present month. This farm is one of the most desirable in the county, being in a high state of cultivation, finely improved, and conveniently located on the Winchester and Mount Sterling turnpike, about two and a half miles from the town of Mount Sterling, and in a good neighborhood. Any one desiring to obtain a good farm and beautiful home, with all the necessary conveniences, cannot do better than to purchase this. The location is decidedly one of the most beautiful and commanding on the road from Mt. Sterling to Winchester, and as Mr. Congleton was one of our best and most skillful farmers, and spent much time and labor, and expended large sums of money in improving his farm, it may now be considered one of the model farms of the county.

The farm of John White, deceased, containing 100 acres, lying on Lullabrud creek, in this county, was sold at Commissioner's sale on Monday last at \$50 per acre. James Prewitt was the purchaser.

Several buildings in Mt. Sterling, (one of which is the new Christian Church) have been lighted with gas, from machines furnished by Marcus A. Finch, formerly an enterprising citizen of this place, now living in Louisville. —*Maysville Eagle.*

A mistake, neighbor. The Odd Fellows of this town had one of the machines of the company represented by Mr. Finch put up in their new building, but it has proven a failure so far. The new Christian church has never used it, nor is it likely to, unless the company sends some competent person here to get the machine in operation.

GOOD ADVICE.—Let our possessions be what they may—marble palaces, broad lands, magnificent plate, or caskets of "precious stone"—they all sink in the balance against Heaven's great boon, **HEALTH**, and they cannot be enjoyed without it. And yet how little is it valued, and how carelessly preserved.—The laws of nature cannot be violated with impunity. Night revelry, luxurious living, irregularity of meals, and a disordered appetite, will gradually destroy the power and activity of the stomach. How many ladies and gentlemen eat and drink disease at late suppers, and arise in the morning with headache, loss of appetite, feeling languid and unrefreshed. There can be no medical remedy that will turn lead into food, or poisoned drinks into nutriment, medical science can assist nature, supply exhausted fluids, and to a great extent correct the effects of disease. In all cases such as the above, we recommend Plantation Bitters. You will find them just the thing—at the same time a most delicious tonic and appetizer.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

Whooping Cough and Croup have indeed held high revel in our midst this winter. It is remarkable, however, that not a single death has occurred. As the character of the croup is said by our doctors to have undergone no change, we can only account for the harmlessness of this once fatal disease by a change in its treatment. We believe, in the great majority of cases, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and warm wet applications, have been employed.—[Norway (Me.) Advertiser.]

Don Platt is a good, orthodox Radical, and is thoroughly acquainted with the character of his party, and its members, whom he compliments as follows:

Possessing more real rascality than any organization ever known to humanity, they are dying of an overdose of propriety. Our thieving fingers are covered with kid gloves, and we plunder the poor agriculturists and rob the Treasury with a grace and refinement really beautiful.

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Possessing more real rascality than any organization ever known to humanity, they are dying of an overdose of propriety. Our thieving fingers are covered with kid gloves, and we plunder the poor agriculturists and rob the Treasury with a grace and refinement really beautiful.

"This is capital ale!" said an old toper; "see how long it keeps its head."—"Ay," said a bystander, "but consider how soon it takes away your head!"

DEATHS.

IN MEMORIAM.

TUCKER.—Died, at his home in Mount Sterling, on the night of Christmas day, 1868. Col. Peter Guernsey Tucker, in the 63d year of his age.

Col. Tucker was born in Prince Edward county, Va., thence he was taken by his only surviving parent, a mother, to Franklin county, Ky. In 1821 he was again removed by his mother to Montgomery county, Ky., and lived in the family of Judge Thos. Mosely, who were relations. Here Peter was engaged on the farm and in the blacksmith's shop. Of active and energetic character, he discharged all his duties with fidelity and promptitude. In 1827 he was engaged in the bar of the hotel for Mrs. Banks, where he remained several years. When Abraham Willerson took charge of the hotel, Peter continued in his employment, with his usual fidelity.

Mr. Samuel D. Everett, a merchant of the village, possessing the energy and business habits of the young man, offered him a situation in his dry goods store as clerk and salesman. P. being faithful, honest and competent, after the expiration of a few years Mr. Everett offered him a partnership, which was accepted. A good business was established by the firm, and Peter gave evidence of future prosperity and competence. No young man sustained or deserved a better character in his business transactions honesty and faithfulness were his impelling motives and desires.

He married Miss America Armstrong in 1843. His wife died in January, 1849, leaving a son and daughter, who have grown up and are honored members of society. The loss of a beloved companion was a severe blow upon the sensibilities of Col. Tucker.

About the time of the death of his wife he was very suddenly seized with pain in the back and loins, disabling him to a great extent from attending to ordinary business. His sufferings were great for two years. Nothing afforded relief. Prescriptions of physicians had no effect in the mitigation of anguish.

After the lapse of two years from the first attack he was confined closely to his bed, the lower extremities completely paralyzed.

Twenty years and more he was the child of affliction and suffering, and thus spoke of himself in a letter to a friend a few years ago: "I have had quite a rough and somewhat lengthy journey, still through mercy, I am yet moving on, with the star of hope beaming, though faintly upon my fading vision."

Col. Tucker was a faithful friend, a good husband, indulgent, kind father. He was well known to the people of Montgomery; all esteemed him. He was honest and faithful, and as far as he could, done his part well. The severe and lengthened affliction, which finally took him off, he bore with firmness—without heroic courage.

Although so long the child of suffering, yet as a companion he was cheerful, brilliant with humor and witicism, in which he had few equals.

Twenty-two years he was the victim of pain, often severe and agonizing, and life seemed a burden to the prostrate sufferer.

"After life's fitful fever, he sleeps well." G.

Mount Sterling Markets.

Carefully Corrected every week by Hove & Anderson, Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

Coffee—Prime to Choice Rio	26@28c
" " Java	37@40c
Old Gov't Java	36@38c
Sugar—New Orleans	19@17
" Cuba and Porto Rico	14@16
" Soft White Refined	17@18
" Hard "	19@20
Syrups	\$1@50
Molasses	\$4@60
Mackerel—per 100 lb.	\$10@12
" " "	\$10@12
" " "	\$2 50@2 75
Salt	14@16
Rice	\$10 50@11 00
Clover seed	\$1 75
Flax	\$4 00
Timothy "	75
Ginseng	75
Wheat—choice white	\$2 00
" " red	\$1 75
Flour—choice Family per 100 lb.	\$12 00@13 00
" " superfine	11 00@12 00
Wool in grease	25@28c
Wool washed	37@40c
Bacon—hog round	15c

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Inoculation System, and its effects on the Weak and Feeble.

The drafts which so severely cold makes upon the vital powers of the debilitated and delicate are not less severe than the drain upon their strength caused by excessive heat. The vast disparity between the temperature of overheated rooms and offices, at this season, and the rigidity of the outer air, is a fruitful source of sickness. To fortify the body against the evil consequences of the sudden alternations of heat and cold referred to, the vital organization should be strengthened and endowed with extra resistant power by the use of a whole-some invigorant; and, of all preparations for this purpose, (whether embraced in the regular pharmacopoeia, or advertised in the public journals), there is none that will compare in purity and excellence with **HOSSETT'S STOMACH BITTERS**. Acting directly upon the organ which converts the food into a tone and of life, the preparation imparts to it a tone and vigor which is communicated to every fibre of the frame. The digestive function being accelerated by its tonic operation, the liver regulated by its mild aperient properties, and the waste matter of the system carried off punctually by its mild aperient action, the whole organization will necessarily be in the best possible condition to meet the shocks of winter and the sudden changes of temperature. The weak and sensitive, especially, cannot encounter these vicissitudes with safety, unless their tender systems are strengthened and braced by artificial means. Every liquor sold as a staple of trade is adulterated, and, were it otherwise, mere alcohol is simply a temporary excitant, which, when its first effects have subsided, leaves the physical powers (and the mind as well), in a more condition than before. **HOSSETT'S BITTERS**, on the other hand, contain the essential properties of the most valuable tonic and alterative roots, barks and herbs, and their active principal is the mellowest, least exciting, and most innocuous of all diffusive stimulants.

Our New Family



Sewing Machine.

THE SUPERIOR MERITS of the "Singer" Machines over all others, for either Family use or Manufacturing purposes, are so well established, and generally admitted, that a commendation of their relative excellencies is no longer considered necessary.

NEW FAMILY MACHINE.

which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the BEST SEWING MACHINE IN EXISTENCE.

The Machine in question is SIMPLE, COMPACT, DURABLE AND BEAUTIFUL. It is quiet, light running, and CAPABLE OF PERFORMING A RANGE AND VARIETY OF WORK

never before attempted upon a single Machine, using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and any thing between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel, Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the "Singer" Useful, and Popular Folding Tops and Cabinet Cases, peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this company, have been prepared for enclosing the new Machine.

A hint idea, however, can at best be conveyed through the medium of a necessarily limited advertisement; and we therefore urge every person in quest of a Sewing Machine by all means to examine and test, if they can possibly do so, all the leading rival Machines before making a purchase. A selection can then be made intelligently. Branch agencies for supplying the "Singer" Machines will be found in nearly every city and town throughout the civilized world, where Machines will be cheerfully exhibited, and any information promptly furnished. Or communications may be addressed to

The Singer Manufacturing Co.

453 Broadway, New York.

We refer to the following persons who have been using the New Family Machines for some time past, and the most of whom have had sewing machine experience: Mrs. H. Jones, Miss M. Smith, Miss M. Voria, Mrs. T. Clark, Mrs. L. F. Galt, Mrs. Tipton, Misses Burroughs, Mrs. C. E. Miller, Mrs. W. T. Hovey, Mrs. J. T. Brown, Mrs. W. H. E. Wright, Mrs. Wm. Stevens, Mrs. John Maupin, Miss F. Senieur, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Mrs. M. Oldham, J. W. Anderson, W. Oldham, W. A. Cockrell, J. A. Thompson, J. H. Jones, Mrs. E. L. Scott, Mrs. Dr. Buford, Mrs. P. Thomas, Geo. Anderson, Wm. B. Kidd, W. A. Boyd, John M. Jones, Wm. July, Mrs. John Parrish, John McClure, Miss Maggie Wilkerson, Joe Wilkerson, Thos. Oak, Mrs. Willie Benton, H. R. C. Greenwood, Miss Mattie Ferguson, Miss Ross, Mrs. P. Ragland, Montgomery county.

T. P. Young, Thos. Flood, Bath county. James H. French, Thornton Lewis, Clark county.

John M. Moberly, M. Jones, Bourbon county. We also refer to the following persons in Mt. Sterling, who are using our Manufacturing Machine: H. Campbell, R. T. Smith, Garrett & Rogers, John Curley, Henry Thompson.

P. L. REESE, Agent, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.

Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, and the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS.

Price \$1.00. J. T. BREEN, Sole Agent, Mt. Sterling, Ky. ALLEN & CO., Cincinnati, Wholesale Agents. May 14-ly.

M. J. CHASE. E. DIMMITT. R. H. COLLINS.

KENTUCKY

Planing and Flooring Mill,

DOOR, SASH & BLIND FACTORY.

CHASE, DIMMITT & COLLINS,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

BUILDING MATERIAL,

Shaved and Sawed Shingles, Fencing, Fence Posts, Palings, Mouldings, Lath, Pine and Poplar Lumber, Planed and Rough.

CORNER SECOND AND POPULAR STREETS, (FIFTH WARD.)

NAYSVILLE, KY.

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—
Silver & Plated Ware
WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
In Eastern Kentucky!
AT CINCINNATI PRICES!

TERMS CASH!
Heavy Plain 18k. Rings Made to Order.

SPECIAL AND PERSONAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING FINE WATCHES.
P. L. REESE & BRO.

FOR SALE,
SIX KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS

Sewing Machines,

Also, constantly on hand the Best Quality of
Oil, Needles, Spool Silk,

Thread, Linen, &c.
FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINES.

All kinds of First-class Machines Repaired.
P. L. REESE.

November 5-ly.

JOHNSON & THOMPSON

Have just received their
Magnificent Stock of

Dry Goods.

Call and Examine.
THE LADIES

Are invited to call at Johnson & Thompsons and examine their fine display of

DRESS GOODS.

CLOTHS & CASSIMERES

OF ALL KINDS;
JOHNSON & THOMPSON'S.

Cloakings & Overcoatings,

Just from New York
JOHNSON & THOMPSON'S.

HOME-MADE AND IMPORTED

Jeans & Linseys,

In full assortment.
JOHNSON & THOMPSON.

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

A GOOD STOCK,
JOHNSON & THOMPSON'S.

Notions & Dress Trimmings

—Such as—
Gimps, Headings, Fringes

FANCY VELVETS & SATINS,

In endless variety,
JOHNSON & THOMPSON'S.

Hamburg, Jaconet and Swiss

EDGINGS & INSERTINGS,

Of every Style.
JOHNSON & THOMPSON.

AS A PREVENTIVE

Against Malaria, Fever and Ague, and all diseases arising from a torpid state of the liver, there is no medicine so highly recommended as Roback's Stomach Bitters. Breen & Young, Agents.

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are hereby prohibited from hunting, fishing, passing through, or otherwise trespassing upon any of our lands lying in Montgomery county. All persons violating this will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

JESSE YATES. JAS. BROOKS.
R. C. GATEWOOD. M. R. EVERITT.
MARY GLOVER. JOS. EVANS.

N. B.—Persons passing through our places in the new pile to Howard's Mill will be considered trespassers, as said road has been closed.

JESSE YATES. JAS. BROOKS.
R. C. GATEWOOD. MARY GLOVER.
Jan. 7-5w.

THEY WILL CURE YOU

Of Scrofula, Erysipelas, Sick or Nervous Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Consumption, Pain in the Back or Loins, Gout, Pleurisy, Leucorrhoea or Whites, Eruptions and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the stomach, Roback's Blood Pills; Stomach Bitters and Blood Purifier. Breen & Young, Agents.

75 Dozen Fruit Cans

For sale at Cincinnati prices.
C. J. GLOVER.
July 16.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

"ROSADALIS,"

RECOMMENDED BY THE

Best Physicians in the Leading Men and Newspapers throughout the Country.

Read the following from

"BRICK POWERS" PAPER.

THE LA CROSSE DEMOCRAT.

IN ITS ISSUE OF MAY 12TH, 1868.

ROSADALIS.

"We never commend a thing to the public until we know just what it is, and that is why having the greatest confidence in the preparation, we can earnestly recommend it to a suffering public. Dr. Lawrence's compound extract of Rosadalis.

"It is unrivalled as a blood purifier, and is a certain cure for scrofula in all its various forms, chronic rheumatism, sore eyes, eruptions of the skin, and all diseases of the blood, liver, kidneys and bladder. After eradicating every species of humor and bad taint it restores the system to a healthy and vigorous condition, and never produces the slightest injury in any shape. Unlike patent quack medicines, the Rosadalis is not compounded of unknown ingredients, but the list of articles from which it is compounded is published and wrapped about each bottle, and wherever it has been introduced the Medical Faculty have most highly recommended it."

"Dr. Lawrence has thousands of the best kind of testimonials from sufferers who have been relieved through the medium of Rosadalis. As soon as it became a little known, it was extensively used, and the manufacturers found it necessary to remove to Baltimore, in order to be able to support the unprecedented demand. The Rosadalis is everything that is claimed for it, which fact is evidenced by its rapid sale, and the good reputation it has already obtained. Dr. J. J. LAWRENCE & CO., Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers, Baltimore, Md."

ROSADALIS.

Sold wholesale by all the principal Wholesale Druggists in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retailed by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE & CO.,
Sole Proprietors & Manufacturers,
244 Baltimore Street,
Baltimore, Md.

Western Depot—229 Vine Street,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

aug. 13 6m.

W. S. MOORES, M. D.



How a Wagoner Woke up General Nelson.

We find this army story in the Drawer of Harper's:

On one occasion, when General Nelson was marching, through the mountains of eastern Kentucky, he halted for the night in a narrow valley between two mountains. The roads were very bad, and the trains continued coming in at all hours of the night. The General had gone to bed—not, however, until he had abused things in general, as was his custom when the men and movements were not on time. A wagoner who had just got in, espied, sitting before a camp fire, Mr. Sam Owens, a man of talent and infinite fun withal, then serving as volunteer aid on Nelson's staff (and at that moment upon the stool of repentance for having sat upon the General's hat a little while before). The driver inquired of him where he should leave his team. "Just beyond you there," pointing to a spot as he spoke; "and when you have taken care of your horses go to that tent yonder, the second one from here, and there you will find a big, fat man sleeping on a lounge. Wake him up, and he will give you some hot coffee. The quartermaster thought your drivers would need it, and he has left him here to attend to it—He is hard to wake, though; you'll have to grab him right tight, and give him a good pull, then a push, and then roll him quick and fast, like you would a barrel. Well, it was a good deal when he first woke up, and will try to frighten you away; but just you hold on to him until he is fairly awake, and he will give up."

The driver obeyed instructions to the letter. After a firm grab, a decided pull, with a "roll like a barrel," "Come, old chap," said he, "I want that coffee. It's no use to swear and bluster; it's got to come!"

Hardly were the words uttered when General Nelson sprang from his couch, and the volley of oaths that ensued so terrified the poor driver that, it is said, his hair turned gray.

The Great Lessons.
The first great lesson a young man should learn is, that he knows nothing.—The earlier and the more thoroughly this lesson is learnt, the better. A home-bred youth, growing up in the light of parental admiration, with everything to foster his vanity and self esteem, is surprised to find, and often unwilling to acknowledge, the superiority of other people. But he is compelled to learn his own insignificance; his airs are ridiculed, his blunders exposed, his wishes disregarded, and he is made to cut a sorry figure, until his self-conceit is abased and he feels that he knows nothing.

When a young man has thoroughly comprehended the fact that he knows nothing, and that intrinsically he is but of little value, the next lesson is that, the world cares nothing about him. He is the subject of no man's overwhelming admiration; neither petted by the one sex, nor envied by the other, he has to take care of himself. He will not be noticed till he becomes noticeable; he will not become noticeable until he does something to prove that he is of some use to society. No recommendations or introduction will give him this; he must do something to be recognized as somebody.

The next lesson is that of patience. A man must learn to wait, as well as to work, and be content with those means of advancement in life which he may use with integrity and honor. Patience is one of the most difficult lessons to learn. It is natural for the mind to look for immediate results.

Let this, then, be understood at starting: that the patient conquest of difficulties which rise in the regular and legitimate channels of business and enterprise, is not only essential in securing the success which a young man seeks in life, but essential also to that preparation of the mind requisite for the enjoyment of success, and for retaining it when gained.

Encourage Him.—No one can properly estimate the immense importance of a cheering, re-assuring expression to a young man, when dispirited and wearied with his efforts to conquer the obstacles that lie between him and the success he is striving for. Many a young man, after earnest and persistent endeavor to win popular favor or recognition in any department of life, needs an encouraging word from friends or relatives, an expression of sympathy in his struggles, some assurance to convince him that he is not entirely forgotten—that he is not wholly uncared for by the busy multitude around him. But some people are so very chary of even kind words that they withhold them as if they were diamonds. And indeed they are more precious than costly gems oftentimes to disheartened young men who are wearied with continuous efforts. But "it will make them vain"—"it will spoil them," is the poor excuse for such stinginess in kind words and cordial wishes, and so the friendless and desponding youth, depressed by the conviction that no one cares for him, no one interested in his success or failure, follows the devil's suggestions and abandons himself to vicious habits and depraved associations.

A little boy running along stamped his toes and fell on the pavement. "Never mind, my little fellow," said a bystander, "you won't feel the pain to-morrow."

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION NEW GOODS,

—AT—
SAMUELS & JORDAN'S

WITH the opening of the season, we are again prepared to offer to our friends and customers a

Very Superior Stock of Goods!
From the best markets, and which will be sold at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES!
Our Stock of

Ladies' Dress Goods
is unusually fine and attractive. The assortment generally is very complete. Every line of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,
Gloves, Hosiery, Notions

Embroideries, Laces, Handkerchiefs,

The especial attention of the Ladies is called to our extensive stock of

FURS!

Which is the largest and finest ever brought to this market, and in which we are prepared to offer superior inducements to purchasers.

PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS

Of Superb Quality.

LADIES' CUSTOM MADE SHOES,

Of the very best Style and Quality.

Our Stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES

&c., for gentlemen's wear, is very large and complete, and embraces all the

New and Fashionable Styles.

We would also like to our gentlemen friends that our stock of

HATS, BOOTS & SHOES,

is very large, and we invite their special attention to this branch of our trade.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO CASH BUYERS.

SAMUELS & JORDAN,

October 6. Main Street, Mt. Sterling.

FALL & WINTER

Millinery Goods!

MRS. HORTON

WOULD respectfully announce to her customers and the ladies generally that she is now in receipt of her Fall and Winter Stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Which have been selected with great care, and with a view to suiting the tastes of the ladies of this section. Her stock consists of

Bonnets, Hats,

TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS,

&c., which are of the

Latest & Most Fashionable Styles!

She has also on hand a Large Stock of

STRAW GOODS, TRIMMED GOODS,

And Pattern Bonnets,

Terms, STRICTLY CASH

Ladies are invited to give her a call, and are assured that her prices will be as cheap as those of any similar house in this section.

Store on Main Street, opposite the New Christian Church.

Having disposed of my stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods to Mrs. J. C. Horton, I recommend her to my former customers.

Oct. 15. MRS. GARRETT.

SADDLE AND HARNESS SHOP.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in saying to his old friends, customers and the public generally, that he is still located at the old stand, two doors south of the National Hotel with a full supply of

Single and Double Buggy Harness,

WAGON HARNESS, BREAK HARNESS,

Breeching & Cart Harness

Ladies and Misses Side Saddles,

Gen's Plain, Killgore, Morgan, Pad and Jockey Saddles, Boys Saddles, of all kinds, Blind Saddles, Riding Saddles, Harness Bridles, Martingales, Girths, Buggy and Riding Whips, Cow Hides,

Bridle Bits, Back Bands, Horse and Mule Collars, Laps, and, in short, a

FULL SUPPLY OF GOODS

Usually kept in his line. Special attention called to kind and quality of work, rivaling the strongest competition in quality. Anything in his line

Manufactured to Special Order

On Short Notice. Call and examine my goods and satisfaction guaranteed. Feeling thankful to the public for past patronage, and soliciting a continuance of the same. No trouble to price and show goods.

Respectfully,
March 6-12. H. C. THOMPSON.

LIME FOR SALE.

I HAVE for sale about TEN THOUSAND BUSHELS OF LIME, on my place on Grassy Lick.

JOHN H. MASON.

M. C. O'CONNELL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND LIQUOR DEALER, Corner Court House Square and Maysville Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

His stock consists of the best choice Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES!

Pure Copper and Domestic Liquors, Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Ale,

Tea, Coffee,

Choice Granulated, Pulverized, Refined, White and Yellow

SUGARS,

Pure Syrup, Choice

New Orleans Molasses,

Soda, Star and Summer Candles, Bar Soap

Fancy Soap, Starch, Cinnamon, Pepper, Spice, Cloves, Nutmegs, Coppras, Alons, Indigo, Camphor,

OYSTERS & SARDINES!

Peaches in Cans and Bottles, Pickles, Sauces, Nails, Washboards, Tubs, Buckets, Blacking, Brushes, Brooms, Bed Cord, Rope,

Kanawha and Table Salt,

Mackerel, White Fish, Cider Vinegar,

FLOUR & MEAL,

Tobacco and Cigars,

Rifle and Blasting Powder, Safety Fuse, Gun Caps, Glass, Stone and Queensware,

FANCY NOTIONS,

Fancy and Common Pipes, Fancy Candles, Citoon, and various other articles in his line, which he would have better known than we need our complicated arrangements. By the use of this bit a boy can drive any horse at any speed, and pull him up whenever he desires—having a pulley purchase and more advantage than he could expect. Horse men are invited to call and examine it.

REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Honing you will call and examine my stock, I remain, Very Respectfully,

THOMAS CLARKE,
Main-St., Mt. Sterling, Ky.

May 14.

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

With many thanks to the public of Montgomery and the surrounding counties for their liberal patronage in past years, he hopes by fair and honorable dealing, and promptness in execution of all orders, to merit a continuance of their favors.

M. C. O'CONNELL,
Mt. Sterling, Ky., Jan. 9, 1868.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men, it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its medicinal character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effective remedy for those who are given to intemperance, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a protective agent against colds and coughs, all should be provided with this medicine for home use. Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the use of this medicine. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known, that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Malaria, Biliousness, and all the various ailments arising from malarious, marshy, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it cures Ague, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it is in no wise injurious to any patient. The number and importance of the various ailments it cures, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Its price is gratified by the acknowledged success of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed. Unimpaired persons, either resident in, or travelling through malarious localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the liver into healthy action, and relieving the system of Biliary Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other modes have failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, \$1.00 PER BOTTLE.

ALLEN & Co., Cincinnati, Wholesale Agents.

JNO. CURLEY,

LADIES AND GENTS' FASHIONABLE

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,

West Side of the Public Square, near the Post Office, MT. STERLING, KY.

HAVING just received a large and well selected stock of

FRENCH KID SKINS,

of the very best brands in the market, also French and American KIP and UPPER, I am prepared to

Manufacture to Order

In the Latest Style and Superior Workman'ship

Ladies Silk, Satin and Lasting

Gaiters and Slippers,

Made to order, in the very best manner and on short notice.

Very Respectfully,
Jan. 9. JOHN CURLEY.

NEW LIVERY AND SALE STABLE FIRM.

THE undersigned having formed a partnership under the name and style of

Wood & Nelson,

Would respectfully inform the public that they have made arrangements to increase their stock by the addition of

New & Elegant Buggies,

HARNESS, and HORSES for the spring trade, which they will hire at reasonable rates. Horses taken to board by the day, week or month, and carefully attended to by experienced groomers.

Travellers arriving at any hour of the day or night can have their stock promptly taken care of. Mr. A. T. Wood takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their past favors, and trusts that they will extend their kindness to the new firm.

J. P. WOOD,
J. T. NELSON.

Mt. Sterling, Feb. 20, 1868-ly.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS MANUFACTORY!

THE undersigned returns his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and would respectfully invite attention to the large stock of SADDLERY & HARNESS, now on hand, which he is offering very low. A first class article of

Single and Double Harness,

Plain Buggy and Carriage Harness, Wagon Harness, Cart Harness, Best Hip Collars,

Male and Horse Collars, Backband and Ballybands, Dribd Bridles, (assorted)

Riding Whips, Spurs, Stirrups, Buggy Whips, Fly Nets,

Fancy Saddle Blankets, Graduated Pad Saddle Blankets, Horse Covers (assorted)

Warranted Wrought Bits, He also manufactures on an improved plan the well known

SPRING PAD SADDLE,

Best Hog Skin Shafter Saddles, Killgore and Spanish Saddles,

Best MORGAN SADDLE

All kinds of Boys Saddles, Leaping Head Side Saddles, Back Spring Side Saddles, Misses Side Saddles, and in short an assortment of all kinds of

HARNESS & SADDLES

To suit customers who may favor him with a call.

He is sole agent for the

DAYTON PATENT SAFETY BRIDLE BIT,

Patented August 6, 1867.

This is the best Bit ever invented. It combines the principle of all Patent Check Reins and other Safety Bits in a very simple bit, without any complicated arrangements. By the use of this bit a boy can drive any horse at any speed, and pull him up whenever he desires—having a pulley purchase and more advantage than he could expect. Horse men are invited to call and examine it.

REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Honing you will call and examine my stock, I remain, Very Respectfully,

THOMAS CLARKE,
Main-St., Mt. Sterling, Ky.

May 14.

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS TO

P. B. VANDEN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Produce & Commiss. Merchants

Corner Market and Third Streets, MAYSVILLE, KY.

Staple & Fancy Groceries,

Copper and Domestic Liquors,

Always on hand, which we will sell low for Cash, or in exchange for all kinds of

Country Produce

Jan. 23-18

THE LADY'S FRIEND.

Splendid Inducements to Subscribers!

The Lady's Friend announces the following Novels for 1868:—"Between Two," by Elizabeth Prescott, author of "How a Woman Had Way," &c.;—"The Price of Two Men's Lives," by Amanda M. Douglas, author of "Debarry Fortune," &c.;—"A New Novel by Louise Chandler Moulton, author of "Fleeing from Fate," &c.; and a New Novel by Mrs. Henry Wood, the distinguished English Novelist, author of "East Lynne," &c.—with numerous Shorter Stories by a brilliant galaxy of lady writers.

The Lady's Friend will give a finely-executed Steel Engraving, a handsome double-page, finely-colored Fashion-Plate—engraved on Steel—and a large assortment of Wood-Cut, at the rate of one for the engraving alone of nearly \$1000!—will be sent (post-paid) to every full (\$2.50) subscriber, and to every person sending on a club.

This Engraving is a gem of Art!

To New Subscribers.—Mark this.—New subscribers who send in their names for 1868 before the first of November, shall receive the November and December numbers of this year in addition, making fourteen months in all! And all new subscribers for 1869 shall receive the magnificent December Holiday number, making thirteen months in all!

TERMS.

1 copy, and the large Premium Engraving, \$2.50

4 copies (and one gratis) 6.00

5 " (and one gratis) 8.00

8 " (and one gratis) 12.00

One copy each of Lady's Friend and Post, and Premium Engraving 4.00

The getter-up of a club will always receive a copy of the Premium Engraving. Members of a club wishing the Premium Engraving, must remit One Dollar Extra.

Specimen copies sent gratis.

Address, DEACON & PETERSON, 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

WHY NOT BUY YOUR

Lumber, Shingles,

Sash, Doors,

BLINDS, FRAMES, &c.

FROM

CHASE, DIMITT & COLLINS,

OF MAYSVILLE, KY.,

And save FREIGHT, DRAYAGE AND COMMISSIONS, AND BUY CHEAPER than at Ripley, Cincinnati, or any other point on the Ohio River.

Oct. 22-y.

NATIONAL HOTEL

Mount Sterling, Ky.


WM. S. THOMAS, - Proprietor.

I WOULD call the attention of the public to this house, which I have at considerable expense, fitted up in elegant style, and is now open for the reception of guests. The rooms are comfortable, furnished with new and elegant furniture, with polite and attentive attendants. I will gladly receive any party who may favor me with their patronage. I feel fully sustained in the assertion, that it is one of the best appointed hotels in Eastern Kentucky.

Very respectfully,
W. S. THOMAS

HOFFMAN & CO'S COLUMN HARDWARE!

At the Sign of the



Main St., Mt. Sterling.

HOFFMAN & CO.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE to the citizens of Montgomery and the surrounding counties that they have now in store, and are constantly receiving at their old stand, sign of the "Big Lock," fresh invoices of goods in their line. Their stock consists exclusively of

First Class Goods!

Made of first-class material, and of the latest Standard Patterns. Persons buying of them may confidently rely upon getting the BEST, and at prices that will

COMPARE FAVORABLY

With those of any similar establishment in the State. They have on hand the following class of Goods:

STOVES, GRATES, &c.

All Styles of Cooking, Heating, and Box Stoves, STOVES FOR THE PARLOR,

STOVES FOR PUBLIC ROOMS,

STOVES FOR FAMILY ROOMS,

STOVES FOR BED ROOMS,

all of the most Stylish Patterns, most Durable Material, and most beautiful and artistic finish. Also,

FIRE-PLACE FURNITURE!

Including Stoves, Tongs, Pokers, Coal-Chaws, &c. Fire-Brick always on hand. Our stock of

CARPENTER'S TOOLS

comprises everything usually kept in a Hardware Store:

Hatchets, Planes, Braces, Rules, TAPE LINES, THUMB GAUGES,

Brace Bits, Spirit Levels Files,

DRAW KNIVES, SCREW DRIVERS,

PLANE BITS, AUGERS, AUGER HANDLES, HAND SAWS,

Tenax Saws, X Cut Saws

Key Hole Saws, Try-Squares, &c.

Our stock of

LOCKS,</